

Briumvi™ (ublituximab-xiiy)

<u>(Intravenous)</u>

Document Number: IC-0693

Last Review Date: 03/31/2023 Date of Origin: 02/02/2023 Dates Reviewed: 02/2023, 04/2023

I. Length of Authorization

Coverage will be provided for 6 months and may be renewed.

II. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [NDC unit]:

• Briumvi 150 mg/6 mL single-dose vial: 1 vial initially, then 3 vials at day 15 and 168 and every 168 days thereafter

B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

Initial dose:

- 150 mg on day 1 and 450 mg on day 15 and 168 Subsequent doses:
- 450 mg every 168 days thereafter

Initial Approval Criteria¹

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

- Patient is at least 18 years of age; AND
- Patient has been screened for the presence of Hepatitis B virus (HBV) prior to initiating treatment <u>AND</u> does not have active disease (i.e., positive HBsAg and anti-HBV tests); **AND**
- Patient has had baseline serum immunoglobulins assessed; AND

Universal Criteria¹

- Patient will not receive live or live-attenuated vaccines while on therapy or within 4 weeks prior to initiation of treatment; **AND**
- Patient does not have an active infection; AND

Multiple Sclerosis † 1,6,10

• Patient must have a confirmed diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) as documented by laboratory report (i.e., MRI); **AND**





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- Must be used as single agent therapy; AND
- Patient has a diagnosis of a relapsing form of MS [i.e., relapsing-remitting MS (RRMS)*, active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)**, or clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)***]

FDA Approved Indication(s); Compendium Recommended Indication(s); Orphan Drug

*Definitive diagnosis of MS with a relapsing-remitting course is based upon <u>BOTH</u> dissemination in time and space. Unless contraindicated, MRI should be obtained (even if criteria are met). ¹⁰

<u>Dissemination in time</u>	<u>Dissemination in space</u>
(<i>Development/appearance of new CNS lesions</i>	(Development of lesions in distinct anatomical
<i>over time</i>)	locations within the CNS; multifocal)
 ≥ 2 clinical attacks; OR 1 clinical attack <u>AND</u> one of the following: MRI indicating simultaneous presence of gadolinium-enhancing and non-enhancing lesions at any time or by a new T2-hyperintense or gadolinium-enhancing lesion on follow-up MRI compared to baseline scan CSF-specific oligoclonal bands 	 ≥ 2 lesions; OR 1 lesion <u>AND</u> one of the following: Clear-cut historical evidence of a previous attack involving a lesion in a distinct anatomical location MRI indicating ≥ 1 T2-hyperintense lesions characteristic of MS in ≥ 2 of 4 areas of the CNS (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial, or spinal cord)

**Active secondary progressive MS (SPMS) is defined as the following: 7,10-12

- Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score \geq 3.0; AND
- Disease is progressive ≥ 3 months following an initial relapsing-remitting course (i.e., EDSS score increase by 1.0 in patients with EDSS ≤5.5 or increase by 0.5 in patients with EDSS ≥6);
 AND
 - $\circ \geq 1$ relapse within the previous 2 years; **OR**
 - $\circ~$ Patient has gadolinium-enhancing activity or new and unequivocally enlarging T2 contrast-enhancing lesions as evidenced by MRI

***Definitive diagnosis of CIS is based upon <u>ALL</u> of the following: ¹⁰

- A monophasic clinical episode with patient-reported symptoms and objective findings reflecting a focal or multifocal inflammatory demyelinating event in the CNS
- Neurologic symptom duration of at least 24 hours, with or without recovery
- Absence of fever or infection
- Patient is not known to have multiple sclerosis

****Definitive diagnosis of MS with a primary progressive course is based upon the following: ¹⁰

- 1 year of disability progression independent of clinical relapse; AND
- <u>TWO</u> of the following:
 - $\circ \geq 1$ T2-hyperintense lesion characteristic of MS in one or more of the following regions of the CNS (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, or infratentorial)
 - $\circ \geq 2$ T2-hyperintense lesions in the spinal cord
 - Presence of CSF-specific oligoclonal bands



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IV. Renewal Criteria ^{1,5,9}

Authorizations can be renewed based on the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet the universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria identified in section III; **AND**
- Patient has not received a dose of ocrelizumab or ublituximab within the past 5 months; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: severe infusion reactions, severe infections, progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy, hypogammaglobulinemia, etc.; **AND**
- Continuous monitoring of response to therapy indicates a beneficial response [manifestations of MS disease activity include, but are not limited to, an increase in annualized relapse rate (ARR), development of new/worsening T2 hyperintensities or enhancing lesions on brain/spinal MRI, and progression of sustained impairment as evidenced by expanded disability status scale (EDSS), timed 25-foot walk (T25-FW), 9-hole peg test (9-HPT)]
 - \circ Inadequate response, in those who have been adherent and receiving therapy for sufficient time to realize the full treatment effect, is defined as ≥ 1 relapse, ≥ 2 unequivocally new MRI-detected lesions, or increased disability on examination over a one-year period

<u>Note</u>: Patients with primary progressive MS generally do not have clinical relapses and do not typically develop new lesions on MRI

V. Dosage/Administration ¹

Indication	Dose	
	initial dosing:	
	• First Infusion: 150 mg intravenous infusion	
Multiple Sclerosis	• Second Infusion: 450 mg intravenous infusion administered two weeks after the first infusion.	
	Subsequent doses:	
	• 450 mg intravenous infusion administered 24 weeks after the first infusion and every 24 weeks thereafter	

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCPCS:

- J3590 Unclassified biologics
- C9399 Unclassified drugs or biologicals

NDC:

• Briumvi 150 mg/6 mL single-dose vial: 73150-0150-xx





VII. References

- 1. Briumvi [package Insert]. Morrisville, NC; TG Therapeutics, Inc.; December 2022. Accessed January 2023.
- Steinman L, Fox E, Hartung HP, et al; ULTIMATE I and ULTIMATE II Investigators. Ublituximab versus Teriflunomide in Relapsing Multiple Sclerosis. N Engl J Med. 2022 Aug 25;387(8):704-714. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa2201904.
- 3. Gawronski KM, Rainka MM, Patel MJ, Gengo FM. Treatment Options for Multiple Sclerosis: Current and Emerging Therapies. Pharmacotherapy. 2010; 30(9):916-927.
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- 7. Lublin FD, Reingold SC, Cohen JA, et al. Defining the clinical course of multiple sclerosis: the 2013 revisions. Neurology. 2014 Jul 15;83(3):278-86.
- Multiple Sclerosis Coalition. The use of disease-modifying therapies in multiple sclerosis: principles and current evidence. 2017 March. http://www.nationalmssociety.org/getmedia/5ca284d3-fc7c-4ba5-b005ab537d495c3c/DMT_Consensus_MS_Coalition_color. Accessed 4/2018.
- 9. Rae-Grant, A, Day GS, Marrie RA, et al. Practice guideline recommendations summary: Disease-modifying therapies for adults with multiple sclerosis. Report of the Guideline Development, Dissemination, and Implementation Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology. Neurology® 2018;90:777-788.
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- Kappos L, Bar-Or A, Cree BAC, et al. Siponimod versus placebo in secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (EXPAND): a double-blind, randomised, phase 3 study. Lancet. 2018;391(10127):1263. Epub 2018 Mar 23.
- Lorscheider J, Buzzard K, Jokubaitis V, et al, on behalf of the MSBase Study Group. Defining secondary progressive multiple sclerosis. Brain, Volume 139, Issue 9, September 2016, Pages 2395–2405, <u>https://doi.org/10.1093/brain/aww173</u>.



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Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
G35	Multiple Sclerosis

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: <u>https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx</u>. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD): N/A

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA, LLC
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA, LLC
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC



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